New-York Daily Times.

VOL. V.—NO. 1436. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1856. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Mr. Buchanan Receives His Friends at the City Hall.

VISITS THE ASTOR LIBRARY.

Dines with His Honor the Mayor.

IS SERENADED.

Popularity and poverty are nobels to which are [illegible]

[illegible] by lightning and [illegible] gathering at an [illegible] there were about two [illegible] of the Everett House. [illegible] the crowd had increased [illegible] and when he arrived, [illegible] were nearly two thousand waiting to receive him. He entered the hotel with the Mayor's lady upon his arm, and, accompanied by those with whom he had been dining, proceeded to one of the parlors, where he was welcomed, through Mr. J. R. Brandt, by representatives from the various Buchanan Clubs in the City.

Soon afterwards Dodworth's Band appeared in front of the Hotel and struck up "Hail Columbia," which was played in good style, and at its conclusion there were loud cries for "BUCHANAN."

Passing around to the balcony, Mr. BUCHANAN was received with some applause.

MR. BUCHANAN'S REPLY.

He said:

GENTLEMEN AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: I can scarcely describe the emotions which I feel at the present moment in view of the vast crowd of my fellow-citizens of the great commercial emporium of the Union. I have been for years abroad in a foreign land, and I like the nature of the Democracy. [Applause.] My heart responds to the acclamations of the noble citizens of this favorite country. I have been abroad in other lands; I have witnessed arbitrary power; I have seen crushed the people of other countries—but there is no country under God's heavens where I more look to his fellow-man, except in the United States. [Cries of "Good, God Bless."] And if you could feel how despotism looks on; how jealous the despotic powers of the world are of our glorious institutions, you would cherish the Constitution and the Union to your hearts—next to your belief in the Christian religion—the Bible for Heaven, and the Constitution of your country for Earth. [Great applause.]

A VOICE—What about Slavery?

I came here without expecting all this kindness. Although a citizen of a neighboring State, I have been very little acquainted with my fellow-citizens of New-York. But they do everything upon a grand scale. Their commerce extends all over the world; they are known in every clime; their energy and enterprise have spread the American character even into heathen lands, and they, when they undertake to give an humble individual, like myself, a reception, it is of that grand character that suits the feelings of the people. You will not expect me to make a long speech. [Cries of "go on, go on."] Go on! I should be very glad to address you by the hour, but when a man has enough to express the feelings of his heart I am sure so generous a people will permit me to retire and enjoy the delightful music, from which I expect to derive much pleasure. [Cheers.]

When Mr. BUCHANAN had retired there were loud calls for Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES, but Mr. SICKLES declined speaking, and there were loud calls for Mayor WOOD, who came forward and said:

SPEECH OF THE MAYOR.

GENTLEMEN: I appear in obedience to your call, to express to you in behalf of Mr. BUCHANAN, his cordial thanks for the kind reception he has received at your hands this evening. You may rest assured that when the interests of the country, both at home and abroad, are intrusted to such statesmen, of the Old School, we have nothing to fear, no matter of what partisan character.

With the principles of such great men as CLAY, WEBSTER, CALHOUN and JACKSON, well carried out, we have nothing to apprehend for the perpetuity of this great and glorious Republic. [Great applause.]

When the Mayor had concluded, the band resumed their duties, and the people began to separate. At 11¾ o'clock "Home, Sweet Home" was played, as a conclusion to the performance, and those who were still remaining, took the hint and retired.

Mr. BUCHANAN leaves for Washington at 8 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Buchanan and the Common Council of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 24.

In the Common Council, this afternoon, a resolution was offered tendering the use of Independence Hall to Mr. BUCHANAN, which led to a heated political debate of the most rabid and violent character, including aspersions on President PIERCE, his fainting on the field of Mexico, &c. The resolution was finally defeated by a vote of 28 to 20. In the Select Council, a resolution of similar import was presented, which was also rejected by a vote of 12 to 11.

This great disrespect to the distinguished Pennsylvanian causes much angry feeling among all classes of our citizens.

TERRIBLE DEATH.—One of the most terrible casualties of which we ever heard took place at or near Port Clinton, on the line of the railroad between this place and Philadelphia, one day last week. By some mistake a switch was misplaced, in consequence of which a train of cars, in charge of an engineer by the name of RITER, was thrown off the track. The tender was thrown forward on to the engine, which was badly crushed, and Mr. RITER thrown in and wedged between parts of the wreck, where two steam-cocks were opened directly upon his bowels, subjecting him to the most intense torture, and from which he had no power to extricate himself. As soon as his horrible condition was realized by those who were anxious to relieve him, the escape valve of the engine was opened, and every effort made for his release. In order to do this, however, it was found necessary to call in requisition some of those whose business it is to remove the remains of deceased, which fastened him in their unyielding embrace, were opened, and the unfortunate man taken out, when it was found that, in the intensity of his agony, he had actually torn open his own bowels, which, in addition to the dreadful effects of the steam, presented a most shocking and terrible appearance. Every assistance possible was rendered to the sufferer, but he survived only a few hours.—*Reading Adv.*

MARINE DISASTER—LOSS OF LIFE.—The British schooner *Mary*, from Argyle, N. S., for Boston, with a cargo of wood and potatoes, was the vessel before reported capsized off Baker's Island. She was boarded by Mr. JACOB SUTELIFF, of Salem, early on Tuesday morning, and three of the crew, who were lashed to the rigging, were taken off and carried to Salem. Two of them, JAMES RODRIGUES, the captain, and AARON BOYD, seaman, had perished from exposure. The only survivor is named SAMUEL ALLEN; his wrists are badly swollen, but he is in a fair way of recovering. CHARLES N. HUMPHREYS, another of the captain, had been swept overboard and perished. There were only four persons on board. The *Mary* was towed into Salem on Wednesday by the crew of pilot boat *Clarence Barclay*, after having cut away her masts to right her. The disaster to the schooner was seen from Gloucester, and a vessel was fitted out for her relief, but was unable to reach her. The lifeboat, which might have rescued the sufferers, could not be sent because a part of her apparatus was either out of order or could not be found in season.—*Boston Atlas.*

THE COLONIZATION SHIP.—The death of the late Gov. STRONG, of this State, has recently been announced, as also his magnificent bequest of $50,000 to the American Colonization Society for the purpose of preparing a ship to run regularly between this country and Liberia. The Trustees are J. H. B. LATROBE, Esq., Dr. JAMES HALL, and Hon. ELISHA WILLIAMS. They have already contracted with Messrs. ANDERSON & ASHBURST, of this city, for a ship of 900 tons burden. She will be a medium-built ship, 145 feet in length, with 36 feet beam and 20 feet depth of hold. They are now engaged in making the model, and the ship will be speedily commenced. It is expected she will be completed in the Fall.—*Baltimore Sun.*

A Newarker Murdered.

BURTON R. GARDNER, formerly of this city, was foully murdered on the 17th inst., at Sparta, Ga., where he had been engaged about eight years in the carriage-making business. It is supposed that while settling a bill, or something of that kind with a man named FOWNES, a difficulty ensued, and FOWNES shot him three times with a pistol, two balls taking effect in his body, killing him instantly. He was about 42 years old, and leaves a wife and five children. His parents and other relatives reside in this city. His brother and father-in-law were also injured by knives in attempting to assist him.—*Newark Daily Advertiser.*

FIRE AT OGDENSBURG.—The "Old Brewery," the property of C. D. & D. J. OGDENSON, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 19th inst. The fire was discovered about twenty minutes past 7 o'clock, and the flames spread with such rapidity as to envelope the whole building in less than half an hour. Mr. D. D. CHAMPION left the Brewery at 7 o'clock to go to Oak Point, for the purpose of buying grain, but was called back by the fire alarm. The Record estimates their loss at $10,000 above insurance. Insured $5,000—$3,000 in the St. Lawrence Mutual, and $2,000 in the Star Company. The "Old Brewery" was one of the few buildings that yet remained as connecting links between ancient and modern Ogdensburg.—*Sentinel.*

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Magnetic Telegraph Co.'s Offices—5 Beekman-st., and 31 Broadway.
Home Printing Telegraph Office—No. 21 Wall-street.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Difficulty Between Col. Lane and Senator Douglas—Card from Col. Lane.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24, 1856.

As I anticipated, there is to be no fight between Senator DOUGLAS and Col. LANE. It will be seen by the following card from the latter gentleman, that the Senator refuses to respond to a polite note from the Colonel, such as usually precedes from an injured party as the preliminary to a challenge. Your readers will judge from this card whether there has been any intention on the part of Col. LANE to send such challenge. To correct a misapprehension which I see copied in the Press, let me remind you that I have at no time stated that a challenge had actually passed,—but that it was anticipated.

You will perceive that Mr. DOUGLAS does not base his refusal to give Col. LANE the satisfaction, due him upon the floor of the Senate or in the Hall, which he demands, upon any moral objections to dueling. On the contrary, he rests entirely upon his privilege as a Senator. It is apparent that the public understanding that he recognizes, theoretically, the obligations of the code duello, does him no injustice.

A CARD.

On the morning of last Saturday, the following letter at my request was placed in the hands of the Hon. S. A. DOUGLAS, United States Senator from Illinois:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1856.

SIR: One day last week I placed in the hands of Gen. CASS, with a request to lay it before the Senate, the memorial of the General Assembly of Kansas, praying for her admission into the Union, as a sovereign State. I gave that direction to the memorial because the Constitutional Convention of the people of the Constitution of Kansas, with great magnanimity, had before selected Gen. CASS as the medium by which to present the Constitution to the Senate, deeming him, on account of his seniority, the most proper person to introduce into the Union the new applicant.

On Thursday of that week the memorial was the subject of severe criticism, and in connection with it charges of the most grave character were preferred against me.

On Monday last, in a paper read in your hearing and by you, I frankly avowed myself the reviser of that memorial; stated distinctly that it was prepared under my direction in conformity with the authority vested in me; that no human being was consulted in the preparation of it; that the instructions of my principals were faithfully carried out. The explanation was as full as the avowal was frank—nothing being withheld.

After this, in connection with that memorial, you repeat the charge in a form much more objectionable than before. Believing, as I do, that neither the Constitution of the United States, nor the rules of the Senate were intended to justify or sanction to grass an attack upon the character of an American citizen, I respectfully ask for such an explanation of your language upon that occasion as will remove all imputation upon the integrity of my motives in connection with that memorial. When you are reminded that, although I have a certificate of election to a seat in the body of which you are a member, and, so far, are your peer, yet I am not permitted to speak in my own defence; when you are reminded of the friendship, personal as well as political, which has heretofore existed between us; that I came here your friend, confidently expecting to find you on the Kansas application where you stood in 1850 on the Texas question, and in 1852 on California question, in favor of recognizing the people's Government, and extending over American citizens the protecting arm of the General Government, I feel confident that you will, without hesitation, tender the explanation requested, and thereby render a simple act of justice towards one who has faithfully discharged his duty to his constituents in all the relations which have given rise to the existing controversy.

* * * * * * *

Respectfully, J. H. LANE.

To Hon. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, Washington City, D. C.

Senator DOUGLAS asked until 1 o'clock to reply, which was granted. He then asked until 4 o'clock, and afterwards until Monday morning. These requests were hailed as manifestations of a manly purpose to do me justice, and were cheerfully granted. Mr. DOUGLAS and myself had long been personal and political friends. The recent stirring events in Kansas, and my connection with them, were familiar to him. If, because in conscience I had felt moved to advocate the cause of Kansas, with every civil right trodden under foot by foreign invaders, while he, with fatherly love, and perhaps equal conscience, was cherishing Kansas as she is—as a child of his own begetting—a doubt had arisen in my mind respecting our future relations, it was banished on my coming to Washington. The Senator met me with great cordiality; he advertised me of his particular regard, and pleasantly upbraided me for not giving him an opportunity to welcome me at his house. I became his invited guest, and communicated with him in honest friendship. He thus annihilated distance between us, and baptized me his friend and equal, beneath his own roof and before his very household gods. The word "hypocrisy", is found in dictionaries because the thing exists; when, therefore, in the Senate Chamber, where all his deeds, by his constitutional oath, ought to be bound in truth and honor, I found him breaking open and upending the private conversation of an invited friend, which occurred in his own house, as a resident burglar would break open the chest of a betrayed guest; when the conversation was related in such a tortured and misshapen manner that it ceased to be truth and became falsehood; when, to damage the cause of an honest and accused, but brave and hopeful people, he struck his blow through me, their representative, with a vulgar atrocity of manner which characterized the insincerity of his friendship—the words of which were not yet cold—and with a vehemence of accusation that evinced the laborious zeal with which he had studied the dictionary of Billingsgate, a common sensibility to the value of private fame demanded that I should call upon him for explanations which would lead to a proper vindication, as was my right. It was a right he had especially sanctified to me by his overtures of friendship; and it was the more his duty to give it, because the injury was done to me in the Senate, where slander and falsehood, if their existence there be possible, have a constitutional protection. A proper reparation then would have evinced that magnanimity which yields justice from a sense of honor where there is no law to compel it. I had asked an act of simple justice in civil language, without offence, and with only so much earnestness as became an indignant and injured man. On Monday morning, Senator DOUGLAS addressed an elaborate letter to my friend, ranging through the range in the most brutal language and declining to communicate with me, as I learned, for the following reasons: if he had others personal to himself, he modestly refrains from alluding to them.

First—Other Senators used language equally objectionable.

Second—The Senate rejected the memorial by a large majority.

Third—General CASS would not vouch for its genuineness.

Fourth—Rumors of the purpose of a hostile meeting promulged through the press, of which my request for an explanation was the forerunner.

Fifth—As Chairman of the Committee on Territories, it was his duty to consider the memorials; and for what he has said, stands behind his privilege and constitutional protection.

After having done an injury, it is a second offence, in an honorable man, to feel no penitence and deny reparation. I shall not dwell upon this transparent invention to hide his cowardice, to avoid facing responsibility. His first statement is untrue. After my frank explanation it was not possible for any other Senator to have used such language. It is the plea of every ragged offender at the bar of the Police Courts—"how I hit the world is of crime; how many more there are. Hire him;" but the Judges have always convicted the rich. In the next place Senator DOUGLAS has a paradox against me the very injury he has caused me by his personal influence and assertion, and the force of party discipline. The other objections are unworthy of him, unless, perhaps, it be that of privilege. The third and fourth objections are unworthy of his judgment. His heart, constitutionally adapted to it, pleads "privilege." It is said of a distinguished senator, that after his heart was blossoming for the grave [illegible]

XXXIVth CONGRESS—First Session.

SENATE...WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24.

THE POSTAL TREATIES.

On motion of Mr. BRODHEAD, a resolution was adopted, calling on the Secretary of State for information relative to the extent to which the transportation of laborers in now being carried from the Continent of Asia, or any Asiatic Islands, to America; whether such laborers be termed laborers, Coolies, or apprentices. Also, to show the manner in which they are treated on the passage, and after their arrival, together with any stipulation he may possess, who clog a sacrifice of human life attending this traffic.

THE THREE-MILLION ARMAMENT BILL.

The three-million armament bill was then taken up.

Mr. HALE stated that the expenses of the Government now, in a time of profound peace, is $10,000,000 more than during any year of the Mexican War. While it required but two million dollars annually to keep WASHINGTON'S Administration, $60,000,000 are necessary to sustain that of Mr. PIERCE. He did not know but we were doing wrong to state these facts, as it might encourage the President to go into another war, thinking it might be more economical. [Laughter.]

The bill was laid aside, and

THE NAVAL BOARD.

Mr. HUNTER resumed his remarks condemnatory of the action of the Naval Board.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24.

A NEW PORT OF DELIVERY.

The House passed the bill creating Columbus, Ky., a port of delivery.

REVENUE DUTIES.

Mr. PETTIT, from the Committee on Commerce, reported, without amendment, the Senate bill remitting or refunding the duties paid on all goods, wares, or merchandize in original packages, destroyed by fire.

After an ineffectual effort to pass it, the bill was referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

SLAVERY.

The Indian Appropriation bill was considered, and Mr. BINGHAM argued the constitutional right of Congress to legislate concerning the Territories, on the subject of Slavery as well as other matters, and that Congress might reject as well as admit new States into the Union.

Adjourned.

ADDITIONAL BY THE ARABIA.

THE ASSASSINATIONS IN PARMA.

Collision between the Turks and Christians in Nicomedia.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 24.

The Royal Mail steamship *Arabia* arrived here about 9 o'clock this evening. Her mails will be dispatched in the early train to-morrow via New-Haven, due in New-York at 4 P. M.

The papers contain very little additional news to that contained in the Halifax Dispatch.

Paris, Friday Morning.—The State of Parma is not much improved. Dr. MORELLI, a Government official, has been assassinated at Milan, and that city is in a state of great excitement.

There is reason to believe that the Napoleon Government intend to reduce the export duty on Corn still further by at least one-half.

Sixty thousand troops are said to be in camp in Arabia and Mount and Soldiers in complete formation. The new Governor just appointed from Constantinople is the cause of the revolt.

Berlin, Friday Morning.—It is reported here that the Allies are to commence the evacuation of Turkey within forty days after the ratification of the treaty of peace, and that all the troops are to have quitted within six months. This is not credited in the best informed circles.

A letter from Constantinople, dated the 31st ult., says: At Nicomedia a collision had taken place between the Turks and Christians. The latter, assisted by the English who were there, made an attempt, after the publication of the "Hatti Hoummayun," to place bells in their churches.

Immediately upon this demonstration the Turks made an indiscriminate attack upon all Christians, not excepting the English. Thirty of the Christians were killed or wounded, but the English, in exasperation, laid hands upon the Governor, and, together with some two hundred Turks besides, dispatched him to Constantinople.

FURTHER PARTICULARS FROM NICARAGUA.

Quarrel Between French and Walker.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, April 22.

Colonel FRENCH has left San Juan for Aspinwall, owing to a quarrel with WALKER. It is reported that WALKER had 700 men marching to meet the Costa Ricans, who were expected to invade Nicaragua. The accounts are meagre and unreliable.

Colonel SCHLESINGER has been court-martialled, on charges of treason and cowardice. The result of the investigation is not known. The Costa Ricans are stated to be a force of ninety men, including the missing.

Cadet from the Thirteenth Congressional District.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24.

Mr. SAGE, Representative of the Thirteenth Congressional District of New-York, has resigned to the Board of Education of the City of Troy, his privilege of nominating a Cadet to the West Point Military Academy.

The Burning of the Ferry-Boat New-Jersey.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 24.

Yesterday, the Directors and the Superintendent of the Camden Ferry Company, and the officers of the steamboat *New-Jersey*, with the Inspectors of Boilers and Machinery, were all arrested by the Sheriff of the city of Camden, and released on bail in the sum of $2,000 each.

Whig City Convention at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 24.

The Whig City Convention met to-day, and the candidates for Mayor and Solicitor declined nominations. An address was adopted withdrawing the candidates, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Steamboat Explosion—Several Passengers Killed.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Wednesday, April 23.

The steamer *Cuba*, plying on the Alabama River, was destroyed on Sunday last by the explosion of her boiler. Several passengers were killed. The boat was so much shattered by the explosion that she sunk.

Later from Santa Fe.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, April 23.

The Santa Fé mail arrived at Independence yesterday. The snow had disappeared, and the roads were in good condition. Vegetation was going forward rapidly. Governor MERIWETHER and the Government offices had reached their posts.

Death of Rosina the Harpist.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 24.

A letter has been received in this city stating that CHARLES BOCHSA, the distinguished harpist, died at Australia Jan. 7. He was traveling with Madame ANNA BISHOP.

Navigation of the St. Lawrence.

MONTREAL, Thursday, April 24.

Our harbor is clear of ice, and three steamers are in port from Beauharnois. The weather is warm but the ice still holds at Lanoraie.

Arrival of the James Adger at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, April 22.

The United States Mail steamship *James Adger*, Capt. TURNER, arrived here this (Tuesday) morning, at 8 o'clock.

☞ We regret to state that Senator RUSK, of Texas, has been suddenly called home in consequence of the dangerous illness of his wife. He left Washington on Tuesday evening last.—*Wash. Union.*

The Democratic Caution for the Presidency—Governor Hunter coming into the Field.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 22, 1856.

I have it upon credible authority that President PIERCE has transferred the good will of his Administration to Senator HUNTER of Virginia, upon the contingency of his not himself receiving the nomination of the Cincinnati Convention, or that he becomes ineligible in due season of the inevitable failure of his hopes. It is not unlikely that this reported arrangement has been adopted in concurrence with Mr. DOUGLAS, whose chances appear to be declining into the symmetry of our grandmothers' youthful waists, which grew

"Small by degrees and beautifully less."

These two chief repudiators naturally regard Mr. BUCHANAN with a common antipathy. Mr. BUCHANAN does not affect to disguise the fact that he would not originally have sanctioned violation of the Missouri contract with favor. This is their chief work. He maintained upon that measure an obstinate silence during two years of desperate contest on their part. He acquiesced in the result only as a consummated outrage, and therefore irremediable. He is a repealer only under protest. Messrs. PIERCE and DOUGLAS are first for themselves, second for any man who will most certainly defeat their leading Northern competitor.

But the largest installment of the capital which Mr. HUNTER will invest in this canvass is his good fortune, his good luck. He is a born favorite of the blind and fickle goddess, and I can discover no reason to satisfactory to the mere politicians of the Free States. Mr. DOUGLAS is young enough to wait on time and events, and as, in due alternation, the Presidency will revert to the North in 1861. Should a Southern man be chosen in 1856, he may look forward with undiminished hope to the succeeding canvass, when his claims will be opposed only by competitors from his own section.

This state of things renders probable, also, the alleged determination of General PIERCE to defeat any Northern candidate but himself, upon the grounds that he has made sacrifices in support of the Nebraska issue greater than any other public man in the Free States. General PIERCE has before him the example of Mr. FILLMORE, who, defeated in the Convention representing his own party, while his official course was yet fresh in every mind, and while his hand still retained the power to reward and punish, comes up again, four years afterwards, as the leader of a fragment which bases its preference for him upon his past services. The President may, as a matter of calculation, surrender all now to this one chance of possible success hereafter.

The rumored conjunction of the asteroids of the Democracy upon Mr. HUNTER will not be without a favorable effect in the Convention. It is Mr. HUNTER's luck to have this sort of thing thrust upon him, and it is the luck of Virginia to have the Presidents. AQUIDNEY.

Movement for the Punishment of Frauds in Land Warrants, &c.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24.

It has been officially ascertained that forging and counterfeiting of certificates or warrants for bounty land to defraud, both the public and the Government, has been extensively carried on, and doubts have arisen whether this is an offence for which punishment can be inflicted under existing laws. The Pension and Land Bureaus have prepared a bill which is now before the House Judiciary Committee, declaring such acts felony, to be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000 and imprisonment to hard labor not exceeding ten years, at the discretion of the Court.

The last steamer brought no important official dispatches touching our relations with England.

United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 24.

No. 90.—Argument was concluded by Hon. Reverdy Johnson, for the plaintiffs.

No. 94.—United States, appellants, *vs.* Juan Manuel Vega and John Felipe Pena. Argued by Attorney-General Cushing for appellants, and Wm. Carey Jones for appellees.

No. 96.—Gustavus T. Beauregard, heir and executor of Madame Emile T. Penitney, appellant *vs.* the City of New-Orleans. Argued by Hon. John Morton, for appellant.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE HISTORY OF LANDLORD AND TENANT, considered in the Origin, Nature and Present State of Society. By WILLIAM SMITH, Counsellor at Law. 1 vol. 8vo. Price, 1, 6 7, 6 7, 6 7

FOREIGN ITEMS.

A letter from the Ex-Queen Dowager, Christina, to Mr. Rivers, with

Mr. Kinnear, the Postmaster-General for Ireland

Mr. Kinnear is the Postmaster-General of Ireland

A Court of Inquiry into the conduct of Lord

Another naval engagement has taken place in

Mr. Bunsen, M. P., who has been ill, and

The Allies appear to make merry before the

The Gibraltar Chronicle, of the 25th ult., has

Speaking of the emigration from Ireland, a

The Berlin Correspondent of the London Times

LONG ISLAND.

Supreme Jurisdiction.

Assize Appointed.

Assize Appointed.

Assize Appointed.

NEW-JERSEY.

A County Court of Oyer Proclaimed.

Towns of Bergen.

Col. Schlesinger.

THE SWANWICK HALL AFFAIR.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Termina.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—Friday.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Nos. 5, 6, 8

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

SUPERIOR COURT.

SUPERIOR COURT—Trial Term.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Termsay.

A Curious Story.

The Washington Correspondent of the Phila-

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO-FORTE WAREROOMS.

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PIANOS.

PIANOS.

SEWING MACHINES.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Funeral of Virginia M. McKenzie, the Only Victim of the New-York City Guard.

The funeral of Virginia M. McKenzie, the only victim of the New-York City Guard, took place yesterday. It will be remembered that he died in Saltcoats, Austin County, Texas, on the 10th of November last. His death had been falling for some period, and he went to the South for the purpose of recruiting his health. He had left the old country with the full intention of returning to it, but his death put an end to his purpose. The remains were brought to this city by the Rev. Mr. Hall, and were received with the honors due to the deceased. The funeral took place from the residence of his father, No. 7 Bond-st., and was attended by a large number of the friends of the family. The remains were conveyed to the Second Presbyterian Church, in Clinton-st., where the funeral service was performed by the Rev. Dr. Potts. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Thomas Hall, Jr., Thomas Hall, Sr., Robert Hall, Jr., Robert Hall, Sr., Thomas Hall, Jr., and Thomas Hall, Sr. The remains were then conveyed to the Second Presbyterian Cemetery, Brooklyn, where they were interred.

The Funeral of Col. Lamb.

The funeral of Col. Lamb took place yesterday afternoon, from his late residence, No. 17 Bond-st. The pall-bearers were Gen. Scott, Gen. Wool, Gen. Worth, Gen. Quitman, Gen. Shields, Gen. Cadwalader, Gen. Patterson, Gen. Pillow, Gen. Smith, Gen. Hamilton, Gen. Gaines, Gen. Twiggs, Gen. Persifer F. Smith, Gen. Cushing, Gen. Hitchcock, Gen. Taylor, Gen. Cass, Gen. Butler, Gen. Shaler, Gen. Lane, Gen. Marcy, Gen. Duncan, Gen. Totten, Gen. Wilcox, Gen. Hoffman, Gen. Sandford, Gen. Sanford, Gen. Ward, Gen. Hall, Gen. Morris, Gen. Sumner, Gen. Harney, Gen. Kearny, Gen. Wilson, Gen. Hunter, Gen. Mansfield, Gen. Ringgold, Gen. Churchill

PAPER HANGINGS.

BEGINS DECORATION, 1856.

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Sole Agents for LYON'S POWDER.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL.—Dr. C. HANCOCK'S—Is now at home, and will receive patients at his residence, 1 DOUGLAS-PL., near Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

MEETINGS AND MEETINGS.

MASONIC NOTICE.—A meeting of the Grand Lodge of the City of New-York will be held at the Masonic Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 8, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
EDWARD DAYTON, President.
WM. H. DAY, Secretary.

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EDWARD DAYTON, President.
WM. H. DAY, Secretary.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.—The Annual Meeting of the Governors of the New-York Hospital will be held at the Hospital, on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, at 7 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by the PRESIDENT, Rt. Rev. Bishop DOANE, and by the Rev. Dr. ADAMS.
JOHN MOODY, Chairman.

THE TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY of the YOUNG MEN'S MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION of the FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH will be held in the Lecture Room of the Church, on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 8, at 7½ o'clock. The Annual Report will be presented, and addresses delivered by the Rev. Dr. KENNEDY, of Elizabeth, N. J., and the Rev. Dr. ADAMS, of this city. All interested in the objects of the Association are invited to be present.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDERS.—Dr. SOLOMON will open his elegant Saloon, at 363 BROADWAY, on SATURDAY, Dec. 6, at 11 A.M., as the Sunday Agent for the sale of LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDERS. Any person who may know any one who is afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Piles, Fits, Epilepsy, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Deafness, Blindness, Tic Douloureux, Toothache, Earache, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pains in the Back, Kidneys, Side, Chest, Limbs, Joints, Nervousness, Trembling, Numbness, Cramps, Spasms, Hysterics, Female Irregularities, Barrenness, Leucorrhœa, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, Sterility, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Diseases of the Skin, Blood, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Nervous System, Head, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Spine, Limbs, Joints, Muscles, Nerves, Brain, Eyes, Ears, Nose, Mouth, Teeth, Gums, Throat, Womb, Vagina, Penis, Testicles, Bladder, Rectum, Anus, Skin, Hair, Whiskers, Beard, Moustache, Whole Body, Mind, Memory, Sleep, Dreams, Passions, Appetite, Thirst, Taste, Smell, Feeling, Sight, Hearing, Speech, Breathing, Coughing, Sneezing, Walking, Standing, Sitting, Lying, Waking, Dressing, Undressing, Washing, Bathing, Eating, Drinking, Digestion, Assimilation, Circulation, Respiration, Secretion, Excretion, Exercise, Rest, Health, Disease, Life, Death, &c., &c., &c., are requested to call and see him.

AGENTS WANTED.—One agent in each of the principal towns and villages throughout the United States, to sell a new and valuable work, entitled "THE LIFE AND ADVENTURES OF JOHN C. FREMONT," containing a full account of his early life, his explorations, his conquest of California, his nomination for the Presidency, &c., &c. Also, a complete history of the Mormons, containing a full account of the life and character of JOSEPH SMITH, the Prophet, and BRIGHAM YOUNG, the present Governor of Utah Territory. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of KIT CARSON, the celebrated Rocky Mountain Hunter, Trapper, Guide, and Indian Fighter. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, BLACK HAWK. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, OSCEOLA. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, TECUMSEH. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, POCAHONTAS. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, MASSASOIT. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, PHILIP. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, PONTIAC. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, TECUMSEH. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, OSCEOLA. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, BLACK HAWK. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, KIT CARSON. Also, a full account of the Life and Adventures of the celebrated Indian Chief, JOHN C. FREMONT

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—Located on Hudson River, 18 miles from the City Hall, and 2 miles from Tarrytown Depot. The ground is about 400 feet front by 300 deep, and is handsomely laid out. The improvements consist of a large and commodious dwelling-house, with all the modern conveniences, stable, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Situated on the Hudson River Railroad, 20 miles from the City Hall, and 2 miles from Tarrytown Depot. The ground is about 400 feet front by 300 deep, and is handsomely laid out. The house is large, and contains every convenience for a large family, with stabling

AUCTION SALES.

REMOVAL.

STEAMBOATS.

OILS AND PAINTS.

PROPOSALS.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

NEW-YORK.

The Cleveland Tribune of April 14th says:

We notice another article in your issue of the 7th, relating to the G. C. and C. P. R. Agreement. Given the signature of Mr. D. Parrs, who takes exception to certain statements made in the article, and who is held responsible for the agreement in New-York, which we stated as the cause of the suspension of work, we have to say that the statements made in the article referred to, were made on the authority of Mr. Parrs himself, who, when asked a question on the subject, replied that he was not at liberty to say anything about it, but referred us to Mr. Dennison, President of the C. L. and C. Co.) by Mr. Dennison.

Mr. Parrs, finding confidence misplaced, repudiated the statements made by him, and now says that he was misunderstood, and that the statements made by him were not correct. We have no desire to create any unpleasant feeling between Mr. Parrs and the Directors of the C. L. and C. Co., but we must say that we have been placed in a very unpleasant position by the course taken by Mr. Parrs, and we think that the Directors of the C. L. and C. Co. owe it to themselves to make a statement in relation to the matter.

The Pennsylvania Central Road received in March the enormous sum of $600,000, against $377,000 same month last year. The increase on the Road from January 1 to March 31 is $940,000.

The Cleveland Tribune of April 15th says:

In the Plaintiff's Reply, Mr. Parrs says that he was induced to enter into the agreement with Mr. Dennison upon the representation of the latter that the Directors of the C. L. and C. Co. were willing to carry out the agreement, and that he would not be guilty of bad faith in refusing to carry out the agreement, unless he was satisfied that the Directors were willing to carry it out. Mr. Parrs says that he was induced to enter into the agreement by the representations of Mr. Dennison, and that he would not have done so had he not been induced to do so by the representations of Mr. Dennison. Mr. Parrs says that he was induced to enter into the agreement by the representations of Mr. Dennison, and that he would not have done so had he not been induced to do so by the representations of Mr. Dennison. Mr. Parrs says that he was induced to enter into the agreement by the representations of Mr. Dennison, and that he would not have done so had he not been induced to do so by the representations of Mr. Dennison.

MARRIED.

DIED.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

TAYLOR'S SALOONS.—Ladies and gentlemen are invited to visit the machinery department in the City, within it is the choicest machinery department in the City, within it is impossible, of every variety carried in the best manner, and a walking match in attendance.

Ladies will find them a charming rest resting room, and the best cup of tea in the City.

TAYLOR'S OLD STAND.

Union fully established 1850.

Oakum.—Dockery & Bliss, No. 241 Broadway, opposite the Park.

Oak! Gas! Gas!—The undersigned having purchased the patent right for the State of New-York, and Canada for the Combination Gas Burner, (which commends itself to all persons using Gas) are prepared to put them up on reasonable terms. Orders promptly attended to. Also, Wholesale and Retail dealers in all descriptions of Gas Fixtures. Country dealers supplied with Burners, &c. at the lowest rates. Call and examine at No. 349 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st.

New School of Medicine and Pharmacy.—Dr. Hunt, the Founder of the New School of Medicine, continues to be consulted daily at his office, 13 Bond-st., from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Dr. Hunt's New School of Medicine and Pharmacy is the only one in the United States which has ever had all other physicians refer to it in all cases requiring its aid. Dr. Hunt's New School of Medicine and Pharmacy is the only one in the United States which has ever had all other physicians refer to it in all cases requiring its aid. Dr. Hunt's New School of Medicine and Pharmacy is the only one in the United States which has ever had all other physicians refer to it in all cases requiring its aid. Dr. Hunt's New School of Medicine and Pharmacy is the only one in the United States which has ever had all other physicians refer to it in all cases requiring its aid.

Dr. S. S. S. Private Office Lectures on the Secret Habits and the Errors of Life, with Plain Rules for Self-Cure, and Cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, by Mr. Wadsworth, consulted.

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Gallery of Photographic Portraits and Miniatures—In Oil, Pastel and Water Colors. A corps of French Artists of the highest talent are employed at the Gallery, 349 Broadway. No pictures allowed to leave the establishment unless entirely satisfactory. Portraits made from Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, &c.

Costumes and Masquerade—Mr. Fowler, 34 Canal-st., corner of Broadway, has constantly on hand a large assortment of Costumes, Dominos, Masks, Wigs, Beards, Whiskers, Moustaches, Grease Paints, Rouge, Powder, Puffs, Bandoline, Hair Dye, Perfumery, Stilletoes Canes, Canes with Pistols attached, Canes with Swords attached, Canes with Daggers attached, Canes with Guns attached, Canes with Rifles attached, Canes with Shotguns attached, Canes with Blunderbusses attached, Canes with Pistols attached, Canes with Swords attached, Canes with Daggers attached, Canes with Guns attached, Canes with Rifles attached, Canes with Shotguns attached, Canes with Blunderbusses attached.

Who is it that "Knows" the Spirit of the Matter? None other than our friend on the other side of the street, who has removed to No. 349 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st., where he will be happy to see all his friends and customers.

Penn's Kathaidon.—Another proof of this entertainment is to be given to-day, from 2 to 5 P. M., at the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, 156 Fulton-st., with Mr. Penn, the Author, as the Reader. Tickets 50 cents each. Doors open at 1 o'clock.

Oakum.—Now is the time to buy your caulked oakum. A. A. Dockery & Co., No. 61 Commerce-st., near Front-st., New-York.

Holloway's Ointment.—The healing and curative properties of this ointment are unrivalled. Wounds, however severe, irritations of the skin, scrofulous humors, ulcers, sores, erysipelas, and all external inflammation, is at once subdued by it.

Great strength, compactness and convenience are some of the recommendations for "Lovejoy's Patent Cast Steel Hatchet," which is now offered by Wm. Lovejoy & Co., No. 61 Commerce-st., New-York.

Oakum.—Dockery & Co., New-York Oakum Mills and Warehouse, No. 241 Broadway, opposite the Park.

Oakum.—Now is the time to buy your caulked oakum. A. A. Dockery & Co., No. 61 Commerce-st., near Front-st., New-York.

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage, in sums to suit, at 7 per cent. Apply to Wm. Lovejoy & Co., No. 61 Commerce-st., New-York.

Taylor's Saloons, 349 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st., New-York. Refreshments at all hours.

Oakum.—Dockery & Bliss, No. 241 Broadway, opposite the Park.

Oak! Gas! Gas!—The undersigned having purchased the patent right for the State of New-York, and Canada for the Combination Gas Burner, (which commends itself to all persons using Gas) are prepared to put them up on reasonable terms. Orders promptly attended to. Also, Wholesale and Retail dealers in all descriptions of Gas Fixtures. Country dealers supplied with Burners, &c. at the lowest rates. Call and examine at No. 349 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st., New-York.

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